

BioDiem

Annual General Meeting

8 October 2013



Review of Operations

Julie Phillips

Chief Executive Officer

Global Challenges in Infectious Diseases



O Increasing resistance To antibiotics – major concern

healthcare systems worldwide



Hard to treat Fungal infections, affecting vulnerable patients



No vaccines available

For worldwide diseases eg. Therapeutic vaccines for hep B, C and D

Product pipelines diminish Large Pharma focus on innovation, as product pipelines diminish > acquisition opportunities

Market Opportunity



Vaccine market US\$52b by 2016

Antifungals market, US\$12.2 billion by 2016 Global antibacterials market, US\$46 billion by 2017 Anti-infectives market market, US\$103 billion by 2015

Company Programs





Influenza vaccines (seasonal and pandemic)



Core Technology

LAIV vaccine – licensed in multiple countries

Vaccine development platforms Hepatitis B/D, nasopharyngeal carcinoma, TB



Hepatitis vaccine technology, LAIV viral vector, flavi and SAVINE technologies for novel therapeutic vaccines

Infectious disease therapies Fungal disease: difficult to treat Bacterial disease: MRSA Parasites: Schistosomiasis



BDM-I antimicrobial compound

Our business model





Our business model





Our business model







- University of Canberra
- RMIT
- Griffith University

Key Developments in FY2013



- Successful closure of \$2m capital raising (end 2012)
- Enhanced company profiling
 - New York, Chicago, Singapore and Hong Kong
- Influenza vaccine program: progress of licencees towards market approval
 - Serum Institute of India: submission of marketing application for seasonal flu vaccine
 - Changchun BCHT Biotechnology Co: production facility progress and clinical trial application submission.
 - IEM developments: new WHO laboratory; extended avian (bird flu) & pandemic 'flu vaccine studies
- Antimicrobial (BDM-I): further development & commercial interest
 - US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases
 - US National Institutes of Health
- Vaccine development programs: further development
 - Hepatitis vaccine: Proof-of-principle demonstrated
- Decision to delist from the ASX (October 2013)

Vaccine Development Pipeline



BioDiem

Flu vaccines



Live Attenuated Influenza Virus: LAIV

Product	Disease Targets	Current Partners	Development Status
LAIV (Influence)	Influenza – Seasonal & Pandemic	WHO SII (India) BCHT (China) IEM (Russia)	Marketed with license revenues \$A0.75m FY2013 (\$A1.3m FY2012) Phase II (cell-based technology) Seeking growth & out-licensing in more markets
(innuenza)	Avian (Bird) Flu	IEM/WHO	Clinical trials completed in Thailand and Russia



Live Attenuated Influenza Virus: LAIV Advantages



Needle-free nasal delivery No trained personnel and blood/sharps precautions unnecessary



Broader immune response Than seen with inactivated influenza vaccines



No adjuvant required



Extensive clinical and market experience in Russia > 100m doses efficacy and safety in >500,000 adults/140,000 children



High yields

In egg-based or cell-based production (with no reliance on eggs)

List of pandemic & potentially pandemic LAIVs prepared at IEM RAMS



Vaccine strain	Subtype	Wild-type parental virus	The stage of the study
A/17/duck/Potsdam/86/92	H5N2	A/duck/Potsdam/1402-6/86 (H5N2)*	Phase I-II clinical trials completed. The vaccine is registered in Russia
A/17/California/2009/38	H1N1	A/California/07/2009 (H1N1)**	Phase I-II clinical trials completed. The vaccine is registered in Russia, India and Thailand
A/17/mallard/Netherlands/00/95	H7N3	A/mallard/Netherlands/12/20 00 (H7N3)**	Phase I clinical trials completed
A/17/turkey/Turkey/05/133	H5N2	A/turkey/Turkey/1/2005 (H5N1)*, clade 2.2	Phase I clinical trials completed in Russia, and phase II in Thailand
A/17/California/66/395	H2N2	A/California/1/66 (H2N2)**	Phase I clinical trials planned for 2013
A/17/Anhui/2013/61	H7N9	A/Anhui/1/2013**	Pre-clinical studies ongoing

* vaccine strain inherited only HA gene from wild-type parental virus and remaining 7 genes – from master donor virus, i.e. 7:1 genetic formula; ** vaccine strain inherited HA and NA genes from wild-type parental virus and remaining 6 genes – from master donor virus, i.e. 6:2 genetic formula.





- □ IEM (St. Petersburg)
- CDC (USA)
- BioDiem (Australia)
- U WHO
- DATH (USA)
- GPO (Thailand)
- **Gerum Institute of India (SII)**
- **BCHT (China)**
- **BARDA (USA)**

Serum Institute of India



Technology transfer agreement signed in 2009;

- Development, preclinical studies and clinical trials with pandemic H1N1 LAIV. In epidemiological study the efficacy of LAIV was 78%. Registered in 2010 as "Nasovac". During pandemic period SII produced more than 3 million doses of LAIV. In 2012 SII finalized WHO prequalification;
- Development, preclinical studies and clinical trials of seasonal LAIV. Registration in process;
- PATH carries out clinical trials with SII LAIV in Bangladesh and Senegal among children 2–5 years old;
- Ongoing studies for the development of LAIV in chicken eggs and possible use of cell line for production

Hepatitis Vaccine (therapeutic)





Rights licensed from the University of Canberra

R&D program underway

Proof of principle demonstrated (July 2013)

BDM-I Development Pipeline



	Research	Preclinical	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	On market
Bacterial targets (Biological warfare agents, MSRA, tuberculosis, other)						
Fungal targets (Difficult to treat fungi, incl. Scedosporium, Pneumocystis & Candida spp.)						
Parasitic targets (schistosomiasis, other)						

BDM-I antimicrobial disease targets



BDM-I currently in development as treatment against

- 'superbugs' such as antibiotic-resistant bacteria incl. TB, and others
- hard-to-treat fungal infections

Product	Disease Targets	Current Partners	Development Status
BDM-I (Antimicrobial)	Bacterial infections (tuberculosis, others)	US government backed research institutions	Entered in vivo testing in 2013; formulation development underway
	Fungal infections	US government backed research institutions	Entered in vivo testing in 2013; formulation development underway
	Parasitic diseases (schistosomiasis, others)	QIMR program	Entered in vivo testing in 2013; formulation development underway

BioDiem Summary



- Significant progress in all key project areas and in attractive market segments
- **Commercial licensees** of influenza vaccine technology on track in India and China
- **Commercial interest** in other vaccine and antimicrobial programs
- Successful leverage of commercial and non-commercial partnerships to expand IP and accelerate development
- Growing exposure to **multiple** high value commercialisation opportunities for **disease treatments with high market need.**
- Focus on commercial path and further opportunities for each technology

Outlook for next 12 months



